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ABSTRACT

This document provides a brief legislative history of the Alabama State Junior College System, beginning with the 1961 creation of a statewide junior college governing body, and culminating with the establishment in 1973 of Chatachoochee Valley Community College, the nineteenth school in a statewide junior college system which serviced over 40,000 students in fall 1974. The tests of several state laws applying to junior colleges are included as are many of the decisions and recommendations of the Committee on Junior Colleges. A map of the locations of the 19 state junior colleges and 29 technical colleges and institutes is appended, as are names and addresses of the institutions. (NHM)

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THE HISTORY OF ALABAMA STATE JUNIOR COLLEGES

As early as 1958, the Committee on Higher Education of the Alabama Education Commission recommended a system of junior colleges in Alabama. The Committee report contained an entire chapter of data to support the recommendations for the junior college system in Alabama.

Act No. 888, Alabama Law (Regular Session, 1961), approved on September 8, 1961, authorized a governing body and gave permission for this governing body to locate a site for, operate, and manage a public junior college somewhere in Franklin, Marion, or Winston County. The junior college established under this Act was named Phil Campbell in Franklin County.

On September 15, 1961, Act No. 151 authorized a junior college to be located in Jackson or DeKalb County. The establishment of this college, however, did not materialize prior to the initiation of the overall State program.

No further legislative action for community colleges was taken until July 16, 1962, when Act No. 124 enabled any county with a population of not less than 65,000 and not more than 95,000 to have the privilege of creating a junior college. While this Act was more general in nature than the Act of September, 1961, the authority for the governing body and their duties and responsibilities were essentially the same. Thus, until the Alabama Junior College and Trade School program was launched, the impetus for the establisment of junior colleges remained essentially in the hands of the local communities.

The following resolution was adopted on motion of Mr. E.W. Skidmore; motion seconded by Mr. W.C. Davis and carried, all members voting aye:

RULES AND REGULATIONS ESTABLISHED WITH REFERENCE TO LOCATION OF JUNIOR COLLEGES

WHEREAS, the State Legislature did authorize the establishment of three junior or community colleges in certain areas of Alabama and did appropriate public funds to private junior colleges in the State; and

WHEREAS, there is a growing interest among the people of Alabama in this new development in the American education program; and

WHEREAS, it is imperative that, if the people of Alabama are to have a successful system of public community colleges, steps must now be taken to assure that these colleges are located in areas where need exists, and that a plan of orderly development and operation be promulgated immediately:

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED That the State Board of Education recognize, accept, and declare its responsibility to supervise and regulate the establishment of these community colleges as a part of the public education program in Alabama; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED That the State Board of Education authorize and direct the State Superintendent of Education to formulate a committee to assist him in making a survey of the State to determine the need for community colleges and, where the need exists, to divide the State into community college districts with attention being given to priority for their establishment in the future; and

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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED That the State Superintendent of Education make a report to the State Board of Education of the results of the survey as soon as completed in order that the Board may have the necessary information to formulate policies and procedures with respect to this matter.[1]

In a series of Acts (Act No. 92, Act No. 93, and Act No. 94) in May of 1963, the state junior college system was born. Act No. 92 provided for financing of a bond issue of $15,000,000 for construction.

Having provided the means to finance the capital outlay program, Act No. 93 established a public corporation to be known as the Alabama Trade School and Junior College Authority. Named as president by the Act was the Governor; the State Superintendent of Education was designated as vice president; the Director of Finance as secretary; and the State Treasurer as treasurer of the Authority and custodian of the funds of the Authority. The Authority was provided the following powers:

(a) to have succession by its corporate name until dissolved as hereinafter provided;

(b) to sue and be sued and to prosecute and defend, at law or in equity, in any court having jurisdiction of the subject matter and of the parties thereto;

(c) to have and to use a corporate seal and to alter the seal at pleasure;

(d) to establish a fiscal year;

(e) to provide for acquiring and improving sites for additional trade schools and junior colleges, constructing, acquiring, reconstructing, improving and altering buildings therefor and purchasing, acquiring and installing the original equipment thereof, and to make capital improvements to existing trade schools and at institutions of higher learning heretofore or hereafter established;

(f) to anticipate by the issuance of its bonds the receipt of the revenues herein appropriated and pledged;

(g) as security for the payment of the principal of the interest on its bonds, to pledge the proceeds of the appropriations and pledges herein provided for; and

(h) to appoint and employ such attorneys and agents as the business of the Authority may require.

Certain limitations of the scope of the Authority's activities were imposed by Act No. 93. Major limitations included the following:

(a) the location of each new trade school or junior college for which the Authority provides funds shall be determined by the State Board of Education.

(b) no funds of the Authority shall be expended for the acquisition of

[1] Alabama State Board of Education, Minutes, Alabama State Board of Education (Montgomery, Alabama, July 18, 1962), Book 5, p. 580

sites or existing buildings, but nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the use of funds of the Authority for the purpose of improving sites or reconstructing, altering, or improving buildings donated to the Authority.

(c) all contracts entered into and all work done with respect to construction of buildings involving the expenditure of funds of the Authority, shall be let on competitive bids.

(d) the preparation of all plans and specifications for any building constructed wholly or in part with any of the money, and all work done hereunder in regard to the construction, reconstruction, alteration, and improvement of buildings, shall be supervised by the Alabama Building Commission.

(e) the Authority shall purchase and install the original equipment necessary to place each such additional trade school and junior college in a condition of efficient operation.

(f) not more than one million five hundred thousand dollars($1,500,000.00) shall be expended by the Authority with respect to any one trade school or junior college.

(g) the Authority may from time to time sell and issue its bonds, not exceeding fifteen million dollars ($15,000,000.00) in aggregate principal amount, for the purpose of providing funds for the construction and equipment of trade schools and junior colleges.

In another Act, Act No. 94, Section 2 (Title 52, Section 509 (96), Code of Alabama, Recompiled, 1958 and 1969 Pocket Parts), the Legislature vested in the State Board of Education:

Section 2. Management and Control.
Following the completion of buildings and the installation of original equipment for the additional educational institutions of the types known as trade schools and junior colleges authorized by the provisions of the Alabama Trade School and Junior College Authority Act, the State Board of Education shall assume the responsibility for operating and maintaining said additional educational institutions. For that purpose, there is hereby vested in the State Board of Education the authority and responsibility for the operation, management, control, supervision, maintenance, regulation, upkeep, improvement, equipment, and enlargement of and additions to such additional educational institutions. The State Board of Education, upon recommendation of the State Superintendent of Education, shall: Make rules and regulations for the government of such additional educational institutions; prescribe the courses of study to be offered and the conditions for granting certificates or diplomas; appoint the president of each such additional educational institution and, upon the president's recommendation, appoint the members of the faculty and affix the tenure and salary of each; direct and supervise the expenditure of legislative appropriations for the use of such additional educational institutions; accept gifts, donations, devises, and bequests of money and real and personal property for the purposes of this Act: disseminate information concerning and promote interest in such additional educational institutions among the pupils of public schools; and make such rules and regulations as the board shall deem advisable for the government of such additional educational institutions.

The Alabama State Board of Education at its meeting on June 4, 1963, approved the appointment of eight educators to the State Committee on Junior Colleges. The Junior College Committee met in an organizational meeting on July 15, 1963. Dr. A. R. Meadows, State Superintendent of Education, briefed the Committee on its duties and gave the background for the establishment of the junior colleges. Superintendent Meadows stated that the primary duty of this Committee on junior colleges was to recommend to the State Board of Education the areas in which the five junior colleges should be located. The Committee was asked by Dr. Meadows to make any other recommendations it so desired concerning the overall junior college program.

The Committee reached agreement on the following points concerning the junior colleges:

1. The roles of the junior colleges and trade schools should be clearly defined relative to coordinating the activities of both.

2. The trade schools should perhaps offer some form of general education, citizenship, and cultural improvement.

3. Junior colleges should provide for:

   (a) A two-year course preparing students for senior college courses in liberal arts or preprofessional fields.

   (b) A program of one or more years of terminal or vocational technical education.

   (c) A two-year course of general education.

   (d) A program of adult education.

4. A state-wide study should be made to determine the need for post-high school education in Alabama. From this study should come a master plan for junior college development in Alabama.

5. The entire field of trade and industrial education in the secondary schools should be reviewed in terms of its relationship to the technical-vocational phase of the junior college program.

6. Financing of the junior colleges should be as follows: two-fifths from the State, two-fifths from the local area, and one-fifth from student fees.

7. Accreditation should be considered from the beginning.

The Committee requested additional information as follows:

1. Freshmen and sophmore enrollments by counties in the private colleges of the State.

2. Number of high school graduates by counties in the present freshmen and

sophmore classes graduated from high school.

3. Total white populations by counties.

4. Draw a circle with a fifty-mile radius around each State-supported college. The white population is to be shown in each circle.

While the Committee on Junior Colleges was making its survey, Act No. 590, approved September 16, 1963, authorized the Board of Trustees of Northwest Alabama Junior College the right to petition the right to become a State junior college under the provisions of Act No. 93.

The Alabama State Board of Education on October 1, 1963, received the report of the Committee on Junior Colleges and the recommendations of the Committee on Junior Colleges.

In reaching its decision, the Committee gave careful consideration to the number of potential students, accessibility of locations within each proposed area to students, accessibility of locations within each proposed area to students, the evidence of local interest, the generally recognized unmet needs of a large number of students beyond the high school and the apparent willingness and ability of certain communities within the areas to provide more adequate educational opportunities.

The Committee recommended for the consideration of the Alabama State Board of Education the five areas described below:

Area 1: Composed of Limestone, Madison, Morgan, Marshall and Cullman Counties and that Part of Jackson County, north and west of the Tennessee River.

Area 2: Composed of Jefferson, Walker, Shelby, St. Clair and Blount Counties.

Area 3: Composed of Talladega, Clay, Tallapoosa, Elmore and Coosa Counties.

Area 4: Composed of Coffee, Dale, Henry, Houston, Geneva and Covington Counties.

Area 5: Composed of Baldwin, Escambia, Conecuh, Mobile, Washington, Clark and Monroe Counties.

The Committee agreed on certain needs which it felt could be met by junior college programs. These included a need for a two-year course in general education, a possible need for a program of one or more years of vocational-technical education, a need for basic programs for those students who may wish to transfer to a senior college, and a need for various programs of adult education.

On October 9, 1963, the Alabama State Board of Education designated the following junior college centers.

1. Northeast Alabama (boundary line, Jackson-Dekalb Counties)

2. Decatur, Tennessee Valley Trade School-Technical College

3. Alexander City

4. Monroeville

5. Enterprise

6. Gadsden, Alabama School of Trades-Technical College

7. Dothan, George C. Wallace Trade School-Technical College

8. Jefferson County, Wenonah Trade School-Technical College

9. Jefferson County

10. Brewton

The Alabama State Board of Education authorized that further surveys and studies be made to determine the feasibility of locating a junior college in the Bay Minette area.

On October 29, 1963, the Alabama State Board of Education designated that a junior college be located at Bay Minette and that the Alabama State College, Mobile Center, be designated as a junior college. The Board also adopted a resolution accepting the petition from the Board of Trustees of Northwest Alabama Junior College and in so doing brought Northwest Alabama Junior College under the control of the State Board of Education, making it the first State junior college in operation.

The Alabama State Board of Education on January 30, 1964, acknowledged the offer of Southern Union College, Wadley, Alabama including all facilities as a site for a junior college and designated Wadley, Alabama, as a junior college site.

Act No. 153, August 3, 1964, authorized the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of Southern Union College as a State educational institution and made appropriations for its operation.

Southern Union State Junior college was the second State junior college to become operational.

On April 9, 1964, the Alabama State Board of Education authorized that the following acreages at the designated sites be deeded to the Alabama Trade School and Junior College Authority for the purpose of establishing a junior college on these sites:

Alabama School of Trades in Gadsden, forty acres.

George C. Wallace Trade School, Dothan, forty acres.

Wenonah Trade School in Jefferson County, thirty acres.

On September 1, 1965, Act No. 747, gave approval to the State Board of Education's plan to develop the Alabama State College center at Mobile into a junior college to be operated separate and apart from the Alabama State College. Thus, Mobile State Junior College brought the total number of State junior colleges to fourteen.

Act No. 142, October 2, 1965, gave the first documental designation of an official name for a junior college. According to Act No. 142, the junior college located at Gadsden was named The Gadsden State Technical Junior College. On November 2, 1965, the State Board of Education designated the remaining junior colleges:

Alexander City	Alexander City State Junior College
Bay Minette	William Lowndes Yancey State Junior College
Brewton	Jefferson Davis State Junior College
Decatur	John C. Calhoun State Technical Junior College
Dothan	George C. Wallace State Technical Junior College
Enterprise	Enterprise State Junior College (Building on campus to be designated "GEORGE WASHINGTON")
Jefferson County Birmingham	Jefferson State Junior College (Building on campus to be designated "MEDAL OF HONOR BUILDING")
Monroeville	Patrick Henry State Junior College
Phil Campbell	Northwest Alabama State Junior College (Building on campus to be designated "NATHAN BEDFORD FORREST")
Rainsville	Northeast Alabama State Junior College
DeKalb-Jackson	(Building on campus to be designated "STONEWALL JACKSON")
Wadley	Southern Union State Junior College
Birmingham	Wenonah State Technical Junior College
Mobile	Mobile State Junior College

Act No. 88, August 16, 1966, deleted the word "Technical" from the official name of Wenonah State Junior College, and Act No. 50, signed the same day, removed the word "Technical" from the official name of Gadsden State Junior College. On August 31, 1966, Act No. 233, vested the Alabama State Board of Education with the authority to name or designate any institution of higher learning which was under its control and supervision.

Act No. 260, August 28, 1967, provided for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of Snead Junior college as a State junior college, which brought the total to fifteen State junior colleges in operation.

On December 14, 1967, the Alabama State Board of Education authorized a junior college to be located at Fayette and Andalusia on condition that finances and land be made available as previously required for the establishment of other junior colleges in the State.

Each Alabama State junior college president may appoint advisory committees as a result of the following resolution adopted by the Alabama State Board of Education on September 19, 1967:

> BE IT RESOLVED That the State Board of Education does hereby rescind its March 1, 1966, policy with reference to advisory committees and does now declare that the president of each State junior college may appoint advisory committees to assist in planning programs to meet the needs of the area and of the State of Alabama; said appointments subject to be approved by the State Superintendent of Education.

On September 19, 1967, the Alabama State Board of Education, acting upon authorization given by the Legislature, accepted Snead College and changed the name of the institution to Snead State Junior College.

In a resolution adopted by the Alabama State Board of Education on August 15, 1968, the new junior college located at Andalusia was named in honor of the former Governor, Lurleen Burns Wallace.

Act No. 60 (Special Session, 1969) approved May 14, 1969, named the junior college to be located at Fayette, Alabama, Albert P. Brewer State Junior College in honor of the incumbent Governor. Approximately three months later on August 12, 1969, Act No. 287, stated that "...the State institution in Birmingham, now designated as Wenonah State Junior College, shall be hereafter designated and known as the Theodore Alfred Lawson State Junior College." The above two Acts of the Legislature of Alabama were passed even though the Legislature had earlier granted authorization (Act No. 233, August 31, 1966) to the Alabama State Board of Education to designate locations and names for State junior colleges.

On February 26, 1970, the Alabama State Board of Education adopted a resolution that a junior college be located at Selma, Alabama, in conjunction with the William Rufus King State Technical Institute. The State Board of Education by resolution adopted on December 17, 1970, designated the name of the Selma facility as the George C. Wallace State Junior College and Technical Institute in honor of the former and incoming Governor George C. Wallace. Plans are for this, the eighteenth State junior college, to open in the fall of 1971.

The Alabama State Board of Education on December 17, 1970 adopted a resolution which provided that a State junior college be located in south Tuscaloosa County at such time as monies are available for the construction and operation of said institution.

A feasibility study for a multi-campus post-secondary educational institution in Jefferson County was authorized by resolution adopted by the Alabama State Board of Education on March 12, 1971.

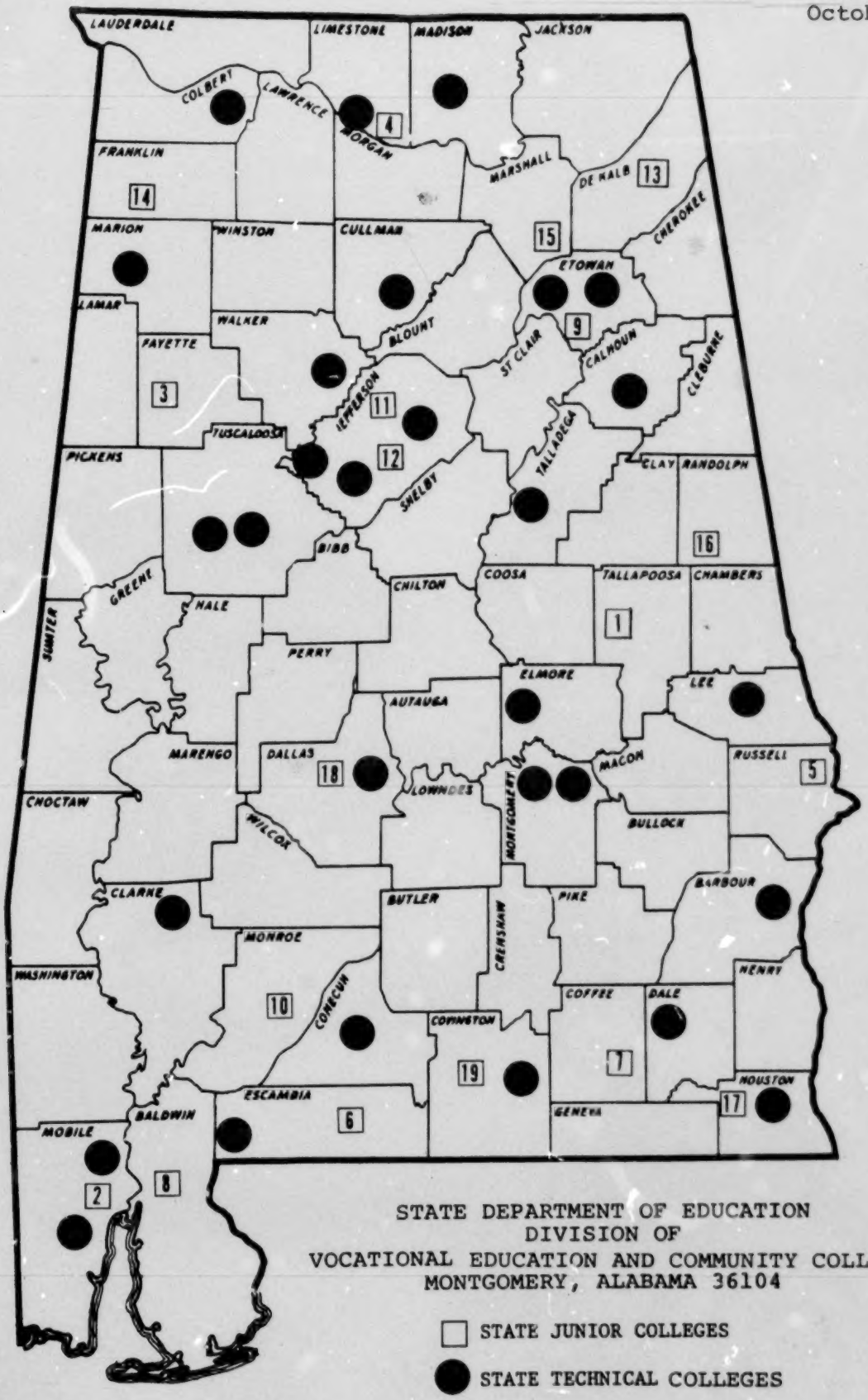
George Corley Wallace State Community College had its origin on May 3, 1963. On this date, the Alabama State Legislature approved Acts No. 92, 93, and 94 which provided for the financing, development, and control of Alabama's public junior colleges and technical institutes. The Alabama Trade School and Junior College Authority approved a resolution under advisement of Governor Albert P. Brewer on February 16, 1970, to establish a junior college in Selma on the same or adjacent site of the William Rufus King State Technical Institute. The State Board of Education gave its approval the same day. Prior to the ground breaking ceremonies the name of the institution was changed to the George C. Wallace State Junior College and Technical Institute in honor of the incoming governor.

At the regular legislative session of 1973 Chattachoochee Valley Community College was created and it became law on August 14, 1973 at 4:05 p.m. when Governor Wallace signed it into effect. Dr. Ralph M. Savage was appointed president of the college in the State Board Meeting of September 26, 1973 and he assumed full-time duties of that position on January 1, 1974 with the college officially opening January 2, 1974.

From an initial enrollment (headcount) of 63 students in the Fall of 1963 at Northwest Alabama State Junior College, over 40,000 students were enrolled in nineteen Alabama State Junior colleges in the Fall of 1974.

STATE TECHNICAL AND JUNIOR COLLEGE SYSTEM

Alabama
October 1974



STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
DIVISION OF
VOCATIONAL EDUCATION AND COMMUNITY COLLEGES
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104

□ STATE JUNIOR COLLEGES

● STATE TECHNICAL COLLEGES

STATE JUNIOR COLLEGES

	Junior College & Mailing Address	President
1.	Alexander City State Jr. College Post Office Box 699 Alexander City, Alabama 35010	W. Byron Causey
2.	S. D. Bishop State Jr. College 351 North Broad Street Mobile, Alabama 36603	S. D. Bishop
3.	Brewer State Junior College Highway 43, North Fayette, Alabama 35555	Charles W. Davis
4.	John C. Calhoun State Community Col. H. O. 2216 Decatur, Alabama 35601	Carlton Kelley
5.	Chattahoochee Valley State Community College Suite 300 1119 Broad Street Phenix City, Alabama 36867	Ralph Savage
6.	Jefferson Davis State Jr. College Brewton, Alabama 36426	Woodfin P. Patterson
7.	Enterprise State Junior College Post Office Box 1300 Enterprise, Alabama 36330	Benjamin A. Forrester
8.	James H. Faulkner State Jr. College Post Office Box 880 Bay Minette, Alabama 36507	Lathem N. Sibert
9.	Gadsden State Junior College George Wallace Drive Gadsden, Alabama 35903	Allan D. Naylor
10.	Patrick Henry State Junior College Box 646 Monroeville, Alabama 36460	Cecil Murphy
11.	Jefferson State Junior College 2601 Carson Road Birmingham, Alabama 35215	George L. Layton
12.	T. A. Lawson State Community College 3060 Wilson Road Birmingham, Alabama 35221	Leon Kennedy
13.	Northeast Alabama State Jr. College Post Office Box 159 Rainsville, Alabama 35986	E. R. Knox

	Junior College & Mailing Address	President	Telephone
14.	Northwest Alabama State Jr. College Phil Campbell, Alabama 35581	James A. Glasgow	993-5331
15.	Snead State Junior College Post Office Drawer D Boaz, Alabama 35957	Virgil McCain	593-6521
16.	Southern Union State Junior College Wadley, Alabama 36276	L. Ray Jones	395-2211
17.	George C. Wallace State Community College Napier Field Dothan, Alabama 36301	Phillip J. Hamm	983-3521
18.	George Corley Wallace State Community College Post Office Box 1049 Selma, Alabama 36701	Charles L. Byrd	875-2634
19.	Lurleen B. Wallace State Jr. College Post Office Drawer 1418 Andalusia, Alabama 36420	William H. McWhorter	222-6591

STATE TECHNICAL COLLEGES AND INSTITUTES

	Name and Mailing Address	Director	Telephone
1.	Alabama Aviation & Tech. College Post Office Box 1088 Ozark, Alabama 36360	Troy C. Tullis	774-5113
2.	Alabama Technical College 1001 East Broad Street Gadsden, Alabama 35903	Robert W. Howard	547-5451
3.	Atmore State Technical Institute P. O. Box 737 Atmore, Alabama 36502	Malcolm A. Jones	368-8118
4.	Harry M. Ayers State Tech. College Post Office Box 1647 Anniston, Alabama 36202	Pierce C. Cain	831-4540
5.	Bessemer State Technical College Post Office Box 308 Bessemer, Alabama 35020	Charles Payne	428-6391
6.	John C. Calhoun State Community Col. H. O. 2216 Decatur, Alabama 35601	Carlton W. Kelley	353-3102
7.	Carver State Technical Trade School Post Office Box 7175 Mobile, Alabama 36607	A. L. Green	473-8692
8.	J. F. Drake State Technical College 3421 Meridian Street, North Huntsville, Alabama 35811	S. C. O'Neal	539-8161
9.	Gadsden State Technical Institute Post Office Box 663 Gadsden, Alabama 35901	Eugene N. Prater	547-1685
10.	Richmond P. Hobson State Tech. Col. Post Office Box 728 Thomasville, Alabama 36784	John C. Mosley	636-4429
*11.	J. F. Ingram State Vocational School Post Office Box 158 Deatsville, Alabama 36022	M. T. Duncan	285-5177
12.	T. A. Lawson State Community College Technical Division 2915 Wilson Road Birmingham, Alabama 35221	Leon Kennedy	787-2633
13.	Douglas MacArthur State Tech. Col. Post Office Box 600 Opp, Alabama 36467	E. C. Nevin	493-3573
14.	Muscle Shoals Technical Institute Post Office Box 2545 Muscle Shoals, Alabama 35660	Richard T. Turner	381-2813

*For prison inmates only

	Name and Mailing Address	Director	Telephone
15.	Northwest Ala. State Tech. College Post Office Box 9 Hamilton, Alabama 35570	Solon Gregg	921-3177
16.	N. F. Nunnelley State Tech. Inst. Box 389 Childersburg, Alabama 35044	Michael J. Arban, Jr.	378-2461
17.	Opelika State Technical College Post Office Box 2268 Opelika, Alabama 36801	Robert Glenn Brown	745-6437
18.	John M. Patterson State Tech. Col. 3920 Troy Highway Montgomery, Alabama 36111	J. L. Taunton	288-1080
19.	Regional Technical Institute University of Ala. in Birmingham Birmingham, Alabama 35294	James W. Truelove	934-4194
20.	Ed. E. Reid State Technical College Post Office Box 71 Evergreen, Alabama 36401	Wiley Salter	578-1313
21.	Shelton State Technical College Drawer J, East Side Station Tuscaloosa, Alabama 35401	Harold I. James	556-1165
22.	Southwest State Technical College 925 Dauphin Island Parkway Mobile, Alabama 36605	Donald S. Jefferies	479-7476
23.	Chauncey Sparks State Tech. Inst. Eufaula, Alabama 36027	Myron Motier Cope	687-3543
24.	Councill Trenholm State Tech. Col. 1225 Air Base Boulevard Montgomery, Alabama 36108	Marion D. Smiley	264-8426
25.	Tuscaloosa State Technical College 3401 32nd Avenue Tuscaloosa, Alabama 35401	C. A. Fredd, Sr.	752-9738
26.	Walker County State Trade School Sumiton, Alabama 35148	Harold Wade	648-3271
27.	George C. Wallace St. Community Col. Napier Field Dothan, Alabama 36301	Phillip J. Hamm	983-3521
28.	George Corley Wallace State Community College P. O. Box 1049 Selma, Alabama 36701	Charles L. Byrd	875-2634
29.	George C. Wallace State Tech. Community College Post Office Box 250 Hanceville, Alabama 35077	James C. Bailey	352-2911